



OEMT111

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I Semester B.Sc. (NEP) Degree Examination, April - 2023

MATHEMATICS

Mathematics (Open Elective)

Paper : I



Time : 2½ Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

**Instructions to Candidates:**

Answer all the questions.

I. Answer any Five questions.

(5×3=15)

1. Define symmetric and skew symmetric matrices.
2. Verify whether the system of equations.

$$x + y - 2z = 5$$

$$x - 2y + z = -2$$

$$-2x + y + z = 4$$

are consistent.

3. Find the eigen values of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

4. Find the value of C by using Rolle's theorem for the function  $f(x) = 8x - x^2$  in  $[2, 6]$ .

5. Find the right hand limit of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 2 & \text{when } x \leq 1 \\ 4x^2 - 3x & \text{when } x > 1 \end{cases}$  at  $x = 1$ .

6. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} \right)$  by using L'Hospital's rule.

7. Find the arc length of the catenary  $y = a \cosh \left( \frac{x}{a} \right)$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = a$ .

8. Find the area of the loop of the curve  $ay^2 = x^2(a - x)$  about x-axis between  $x = 0$  to  $x = a$ .

9. Write the formula for finding the volume of solid obtained by revolving the curve  $y = f(x)$  about the x-axis between  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ .

[P.T.O.]



(2)

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(3×5=15)**II.** Answer any **Three** questions.

10. Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ by reducing to the Echelon form.}$$

11. Find the non - trivial solution of the system of equations.

$$x + 2y + 4z = 0$$

$$x + 4y + 5z = 0$$

$$x + 2y + 7z = 0$$

12. For what values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  the system of equations

$$x + 2y + 3z = 5$$

$$x + 3y - z = 4$$

$$x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$$

have (i) no solution (ii) unique solution (iii) infinitely many solutions.

13. Find the eigen values and its corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix A.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

14. Verify Cayley Hamilton's theorem for the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$ **III.** Answer any **Three** of the following.

(3×5=15)

15. Examine the continuity of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 3 & \text{for } x > 1 \\ 2x + 2 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \end{cases} \text{ at } x = 1.$$

16. Discuss the differentiability of the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x \leq 3 \\ 6x - 9 & x > 3 \end{cases} \text{ at } x = 3.$$



(3)

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17. Verify the Lagrange's mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$  in  $[-2, 3]$ .

18. Find the Taylor's series expansion for  $f(x) = \sin x$  in powers of  $\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ .

19. Evaluate

i.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{a^x - b^x}{x} \right).$

ii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{x - \sin x}{x^3} \right).$

by using L'Hospital's rule.

IV. Answer any **Three** questions.

(3×5=15)

20. Find the entire length of the curve  $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$ .

21. Find the area bounded by the parabolas  $y^2 = 4x$  and  $x^2 = 4y$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 4$ .

22. Find the surface area of the sphere of radius 'a'.

23. Find the surface area generated by revolving the curve  $x = y^3$  about the y-axis from  $y = 0$  to  $y = 2$ .

24. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolution of the loop of the curve  $2ay^2 = x(x-a)^2$  about the x-axis between  $x = 0$  to  $x = a$ .

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